

ARDEX D5

Ardex (Ardex Australia)

Chemwatch: 52-6647 Version No: 2.1.1.1

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

| Product name | ARDEX D5 |
|----------------------------------|---------------|
| Synonyms | Not Available |
| Other means of identification | Not Available |

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Premixed wall tile adhesive used to fix ceramic tile in interior situations.

Details of the manufacturer/importer

| Registered company name | Ardex (Ardex Australia) | Ardex (Ardex NZ) |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| Address | 20 Powers Road Seven Hills 2147 NSW Australia | 32 Lane Street Woolston Christchurch New Zealand |
| Telephone | 1800 224 070 | +64 3384 3029 |
| Fax | +61 2 9838 7817 | +64 3384 9779 |
| Website | Not Available | Not Available |
| Email | Not Available | Not Available |

Emergency telephone number

| Association / Organisation | Not Available | Not Available |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|
| Emergency telephone numbers | 1800 224 070 (Mon-Fri, 9am-5pm) | +64 3373 6900 |
| Other emergency telephone numbers | Not Available | Not Available |

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

NON-HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the Model WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

CHEMWATCH HAZARD RATINGS

| | Min | Max | 1 |
|--------------|-----|-----|-------------------------|
| Flammability | 0 | | 1 |
| Toxicity | 0 | | 0 = Minimum |
| Body Contact | 0 | | 1 = Low 2 = Moderate |
| Reactivity | 0 | | 3 = High |
| Chronic | 0 | | 4 = Extreme |

| Poisons Schedule | Not Applicable |
|--------------------|----------------|
| GHS Classification | Not Applicable |

Label elements

| GHS label elements | Not Applicable |
|--------------------|----------------|
| | |
| SIGNAL WORD | NOT APPLICABLE |

Hazard statement(s)

Not Applicable

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 0

Issue Date: 31/07/2015 Print Date: 03/08/2015

S.GHS.AUS.EN

Initial Date: Not Available

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Precautionary statement(s) Response

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

| CAS No | %[weight] | Name |
|---------------|-----------|----------------------|
| Not Available | 10-60 | acrylic emulsion |
| Not Available | 10-60 | fillers |
| Not Available | 1-10 | cellulosic thickener |
| Not Available | 0-1 | bacteriacide |
| 107-21-1 | <0.5 | ethylene glycol |
| 7732-18-5 | 30-60 | water |

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

| | A |
|--------------|---|
| Eye Contact | If this product comes in contact with eyes: Wash out immediately with water. If irritation continues, seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel. |
| Skin Contact | If skin or hair contact occurs: ► Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). ► Seek medical attention in event of irritation. |
| Inhalation | If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary. |
| Ingestion | Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor. |

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used. Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area. Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture Fire Incompatibility None known. Advice for firefighters Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses. Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area. Fire/Explosion Hazard Non combustible. Non combust

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| Minor Spills | Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear impervious gloves and safety goggles. Trowel up/scrape up. |
|--------------|---|
| Major Spills | Minor hazard. Clear area of personnel. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment as required. |

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Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the MSDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

| Safe handling | Limit all unnecessary personal contact. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Use in a well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. |
|-------------------|--|
| Other information | Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers. |

| conditions for sale storage, including any incompatibilities | | |
|--|---|--|
| Suitable container | Polyethylene or polypropylene container. Packing as recommended by manufacturer. Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks. | |
| Storage incompatibility | Avoid contamination of water, foodstuffs, feed or seed. | |

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

| Source | Ingredient | Material name | TWA | STEL | Peak | Notes |
|------------------------------|--------------------|--|---------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------|
| Australia Exposure Standards | ethylene glycol | Ethylene glycol (particulate) / Ethylene glycol (vapour) | 10 mg/m3 / 52 mg/m3 / 20 ppm | 104 mg/m3 / 40 ppm | Not Available | Sk |

EMERGENCY LIMITS

| Ingredient | Material name | TEEL-1 | | TEEL-2 | TEEL-3 |
|----------------------|-----------------|--------|---------------|--------|--------|
| ethylene glycol | Ethylene glycol | 10 ppm | | 40 ppm | 60 ppm |
| | | | | | |
| Ingredient | Original IDLH | | Revise | dIDLH | |
| acrylic emulsion | Not Available | | Not Available | | |
| fillers | Not Available | | Not Available | | |
| cellulosic thickener | Not Available | | Not Available | | |
| bacteriacide | Not Available | | Not Available | | |
| ethylene glycol | Not Available | | Not Available | | |
| water | Not Available | | Not Ava | ilable | |

Exposure controls

| Appropriate engineering controls | Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection. The basic types of engineering controls are: Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk. Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment. |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Personal protection | |
| Eye and face protection | Safety glasses with side shields Chemical goggles. Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. |
| Skin protection | See Hand protection below |
| Hands/feet protection | Wear general protective gloves, eg. light weight rubber gloves. |
| Body protection | See Other protection below |
| Other protection | No special equipment needed when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE: • Overalls. • Barrier cream. • Eyewash unit. |
| Thermal hazards | Not Available |

GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the:

"Forsberg Clothing Performance Index".

The effect(s) of the following substance(s) are taken into account in the *computer-generated* selection: ARDEX D5

| Material | CPI |
|------------------|-----|
| NEOPRENE | A |
| BUTYL | С |
| NATURAL RUBBER | C |
| NATURAL+NEOPRENE | С |
| NEOPRENE/NATURAL | C |
| NITRILE | С |
| IITRILE+PVC | С |
| E/EVAL/PE | С |
| VA | С |
| PVC | С |
| EFLON | С |
| ITON | С |

* CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index

A: Best Selection

B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion

C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion

NOTE: As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final selection must be based on detailed observation. -

* Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as

"feel" or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted.

Thick white paste with a slight odour; partly mixes with water.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Type A-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standard" (or ES), respiratory protection is required. Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.

| Required Minimum Protection Factor | Half-Face Respirator | Full-Face Respirator | Powered Air Respirator |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| up to 5 x ES | A-AUS / Class 1 P2 | - | A-PAPR-AUS / Class 1 P2 |
| up to 25 x ES | Air-line* | A-2 P2 | A-PAPR-2 P2 |
| up to 50 x ES | - | A-3 P2 | - |
| 50+ x ES | - | Air-line** | - |

^ - Full-face

 $\begin{array}{l} A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC) \\ \end{array}$

| Physical state | Non Slump Paste | Relative density (Water = 1) | 1.6 (approx.) |
|--|-----------------|--|----------------|
| Odour | Not Available | Partition coefficient n-octanol / water | Not Available |
| Odour threshold | Not Available | Auto-ignition temperature (°C) | Not Applicable |
| pH (as supplied) | 8.7-9.2 | Decomposition temperature | Not Available |
| Melting point / freezing point (°C) | Not Available | Viscosity (cSt) | Not Available |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C) | 100 | Molecular weight (g/mol) | Not Applicable |
| Flash point (°C) | Not Applicable | Taste | Not Available |
| Evaporation rate | Not Available | Explosive properties | Not Available |
| Flammability | Not Applicable | Oxidising properties | Not Available |
| Upper Explosive Limit (%) | Not Applicable | Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m) | Not Available |
| Lower Explosive Limit (%) | Not Applicable | Volatile Component (%vol) | Not Available |
| Vapour pressure (kPa) | Not Available | Gas group | Not Available |
| Solubility in water (g/L) | Partly miscible | pH as a solution (1%) | Not Available |
| Vapour density (Air = 1) | Not Available | VOC g/L | Not Available |

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| Reactivity | See section 7 |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability | Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | See section 7 |
| Conditions to avoid | See section 7 |
| Incompatible materials | See section 7 |
| Hazardous decomposition products | See section 5 |

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

| Inhaled | The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting. |
|--------------|--|
| Ingestion | The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence. |
| Skin Contact | The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting. |
| Eye | Although the material is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn). |
| Chronic | Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to the health (as classified by EC Directives using animal models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimised as a matter of course. |

| | TOXICITY | IRRITATION |
|-----------------|---|----------------------------------|
| ARDEX D5 | Not Available | Not Available |
| | TOXICITY | IRRITATION |
| | Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 9530 mg/kgD ^[2] | Eye (rabbit): 100 mg/1h - mild |
| | Inhalation (rat) LC50: 50.1 mg/L/8 hr ^[2] | Eye (rabbit): 12 mg/m3/3D |
| ethylene glycol | Oral (rat) LD50: 4700 mg/kgd ^[2] | Eye (rabbit): 1440mg/6h-moderate |
| | | Eye (rabbit): 500 mg/24h - mild |
| | | Skin (rabbit): 555 mg(open)-mild |
| water | ΤΟΧΙΟΙΤΥ | IRRITATION |
| | Oral (rat) LD50: >90000 mg/kg ^[2] | Not Available |
| Legend: | 1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's msds. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances | |

For ethylene glycol: Ethylene glycol is quickly and extensively absorbed through the gastrointestinal tract. Limited information suggests that it is also absorbed through the ETHYLENE GLYCOL respiratory tract; dermal absorption is apparently slow. Following absorption, ethylene glycol is distributed throughout the body according to total body water. In most mammalian species, including humans, ethylene glycol is initially metabolised by alcohol. [Estimated Lethal Dose (human) 100 ml; RTECS quoted by Orica] Substance is reproductive effector in rats (birth defects). Mutagenic to rat cells. WATER No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search. \bigcirc \bigcirc Acute Toxicity Carcinogenicity Skin Irritation/Corrosion \odot Reproductivity 0 Serious Eye \bigcirc \bigcirc STOT - Single Exposure Damage/Irritation Respiratory or Skin \bigcirc STOT - Repeated Exposure \bigcirc sensitisation \bigcirc \bigcirc Mutagenicity Aspiration Hazard

Legend: 💙 X

✓ - Data required to make classification available
 X - Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification

- Data Not Available to make classification

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Persistence and degradability

| Ingredient | Persistence: Water/Soil | Persistence: Air |
|-----------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| ethylene glycol | LOW (Half-life = 24 days) | LOW (Half-life = 3.46 days) |
| water | LOW | LOW |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Ingredient | Bioaccumulation |
|-----------------|----------------------|
| ethylene glycol | LOW (BCF = 200) |
| water | LOW (LogKOW = -1.38) |

Mobility in soil

| | | Ingredient | Mobility |
|--|--|------------|----------|
|--|--|------------|----------|

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| ethylene glycol | HIGH (KOC = 1) |
|-----------------|------------------|
| water | LOW (KOC = 14.3) |

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

| Product / Packaging | Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options. Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal. Bury residue in an authorised landfill. Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill. |
|---------------------|--|
|---------------------|--|

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

 Marine Pollutant
 NO

 HAZCHEM
 Not Applicable

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73 / 78 and the IBC code

| Source | Ingredient | Pollution Category |
|---|-----------------|--------------------|
| IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk | ethylene glycol | Y |

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

ETHYLENE GLYCOL(107-21-1) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Exposure Standards Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)
Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists

WATER(7732-18-5) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

| National Inventory | Status |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Australia - AICS | Y |
| Canada - DSL | Y |
| Canada - NDSL | N (water; ethylene glycol) |
| China - IECSC | Y |
| Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP | Y |
| Japan - ENCS | N (water) |
| Korea - KECI | Y |
| New Zealand - NZIoC | Y |
| Philippines - PICCS | Y |
| USA - TSCA | Y |
| Legend: | Y = All ingredients are on the inventory $N = Not$ determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets) |

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

A list of reference resources used to assist the committee may be found at: www.chemwatch.net

The (M)SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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TEL (+61 3) 9572 4700.